# OPPORTUNITIES FOR REGULATORY RESPONSE

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#### RECAP OF ISSUES IN TAMPA (TOP 5?)

- Open space and government land primarily impacted in near-future
- Clustered private lands impacted
- Problems with hardened shorelines and habitat migration
- Subsurface hydrology issues
- □ Increased flooding hazard and flood insurance



IMAGE FROM COASTAL RESILIENCE SOLUTIONS FOR EAST BOSTON AND CHARLESTOWN

Charlestown's long-term climate resilient waterfront strategy

## WHAT STRATEGIES ARE ALREADY IN PLACE?

#### REGULATORY DOCUMENTS

- The Comprehensive Plan
   The Code of Ordinances, mostly Building + Land Development Codes
   Stormwater Technical Standards Manual, for Public and Private
   Local Building Code Amendments
   The Transportation Technical Manual
   The Local Mitigation Strategy
   The Post-Disaster Redevelopment Plan
   The Environmental Protection Commission in Hillsborough County
   Regional Water Management District policies and guidelines
- Also, in Florida, Statewide mandates such as those found under Chapter 163, Intergovernmental Programs, which regulates policy such as Peril of Flood

## **EXAMPLES**

## COMMIT TO PLANNING AND PERMITTING TOWARD FUTURE SEA-LEVEL AND GROUNDWATER HEIGHT SCENARIOS (COMPREHENSIVE PLAN)

- ☐ Guarantee life-expectancy of projects
- Reduce risk for future tax payers

#### CONSIDER SECONDARY IMPACTS OF SEA-LEVEL RISE (COMPREHENSIVE PLAN)

- ☐ Hurricane storm surge and drainage issues are will be increased
- $\ \square$  In addition to the impact to property and structures, there are
- environmental and social issues to address

#### MAPPING AND INVENTORY OF SUSCEPTIBLE INFRASTRUCTURE

(COMPREHENSIVE PLAN)

- ☐ Publicly owned utilities, infrastructures and buildings
- Coastal shoreline protection

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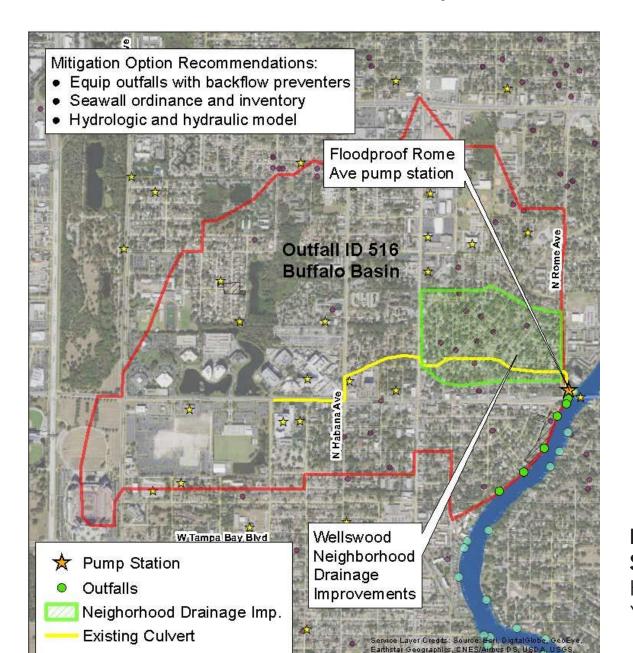


IMAGE FROM CITY OF TAMPA
SEA LEVEL RISE VULNERABILITY ANALYSIS AND RESILIENCY STRATEGY REPORT
HTTPS://WWW.TAMPA.GOV/SPECIAL-PUBS/SEA-LEVEL-RISE-VULNERABILITY-ANALYSIS-AND-RESILIENCY-STRATEGY-REPORT

#### DEVELOP FLEXIBLE COASTLINE SPACE (COMPREHENSIVE PLAN)

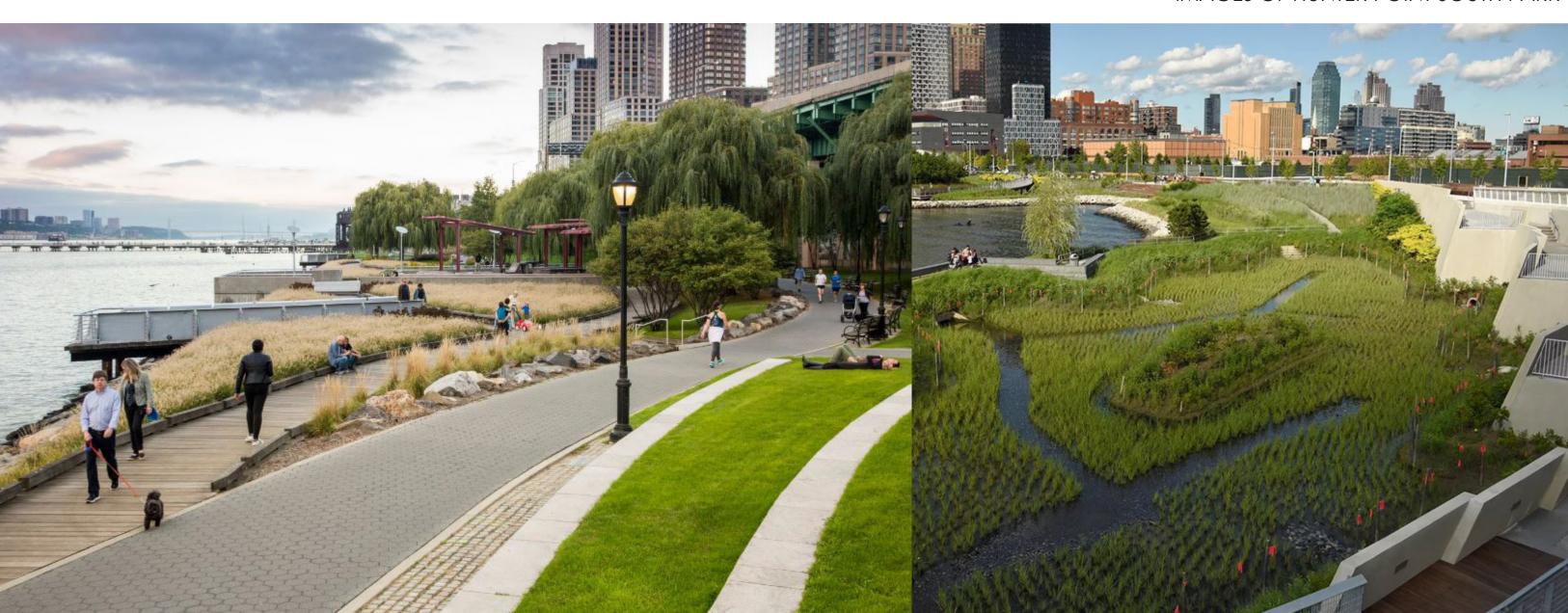
- ☐ Allows for habitat migration
- Reduces wave action and erosion
- ☐ Allows for adaptation depending on future scenarios
- Equity of coastal access
- □ Value to adjacent properties

DRAWINGS FROM COASTAL RESILIENCE SOLUTIONS FOR EAST BOSTON AND CHARLESTOWN



#### DEVELOP FLEXIBLE COASTLINE SPACE (COMPREHENSIVE PLAN)

IMAGES OF HUNTER POINT SOUTH PARK



#### CREATE OVERLAY ZONES (LAND DEVELOPMENT CODE, COMPREHENSIVE PLAN)

- Existing: FEMA Flood Insurance Rate Map zones
- □ Zones V, A, Coastal A (also a velocity zone), X

IMAGES FROM ONLINE FEMA FLOOD MAP

T29S R18E S25

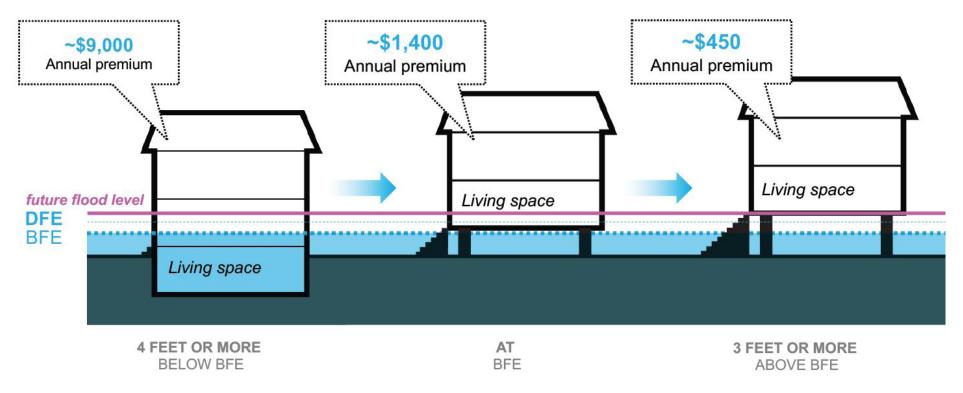
CITY OF TAMPA
120114

12057C0361H
eff. 8/28/2008

(EL10 Feet)

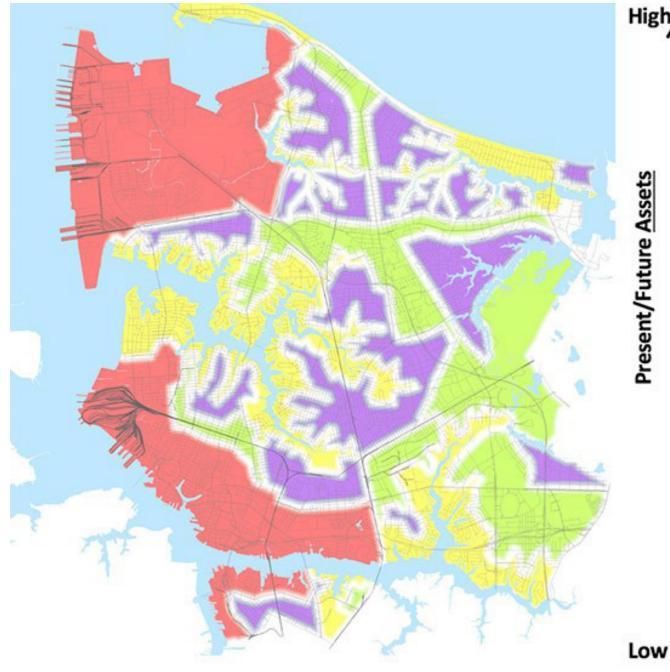
12057C0362H
eff. 8/28/2008

IMAGE FROM NEW YORK CITY 'ZONING FOR COASTAL FLOOD RESILIENCY'



#### CREATE OVERLAY ZONES (COMPREHENSIVE PLAN)

□ Norfolk divided the city into 4 planning zones



High

#### **Design New Urban Centers**

Green areas are at low-risk of flooding and have potential for high density, mixed-use, and walkable neighborhoods. The City should encourage transformational development in these areas.

**Enhancing Economic Engines** Red areas have key economic assets essential to the city's future. Major investment structural protection projects in these areas should encourage additional dense mixed-use development in these areas.

#### **Establishing Neighborhoods of** the Future

Purple areas are established neighborhoods at less-risk of flooding. The City should make investments that improve connections between these areas and key economic assets to ensure that the neighborhoods thrive.

#### Adapting to Rising Waters

Yellow areas are established neighborhoods that experience more frequent flooding. Development is to gradually retreat from shorelines via housing buyouts, and maintaining but not expanding key sewer and water utilities, and roads.

Flooding Risk

High

CREATE OVERLAY ZONES (LAND DEVELOPMENT CODE, COMPREHENSIVE PLAN)

From Thomas Ankersen, University of Florida (and others)

https://www.law.ufl.edu/\_pdf/academics/centers-clinics/clinics/conservation/sea\_level\_rise.pdf

- ☐ A Protection Zone
- An Accommodation Zone
- □ A Managed Relocation Zone

#### CREATE OVERLAY ZONES (LAND DEVELOPMENT CODE, COMPREHENSIVE PLAN)

Can associate other stipulations, tax incentives, funding sources and disclosure policies with agreed upon planning and land development overlay zone



#### **USES:**

YEAR 2100 HIGH SCENARIO (66")
PLUS 1% FLOOD EVENT (42") FOR A
TOTAL OF 108"ABOVE TODAY'S AVERAGE HIGH TIDE

#### IMAGE FROM SAN FRANCISCO PLANNING

HTTPS://SFPLANNING.ORG/SEA-LEVEL-RISE-ACTION-PLAN#VULNERABILITY-ZONE

Park, East Tampa...)

IN TAMPA, WE CURRENTLY HAVE:  5 Planning Districts (Central Tampa, Westshore, University, New Tampa and South Tampa)
<ul> <li>Zoning Districts (Single Family, Commercial, Office)</li> <li>Special Zoning Districts (Municipal Airport, Ybor City)</li> <li>Overlays (In the Central Business District there is a Waterfront Overlay the Riverwalk Overlay)</li> </ul>
□ Flood Overlays (The Coastal High Hazard Zone, Redlined Property)
□ Community Redevelopment Areas (CRAs, such as Central Park, Drew

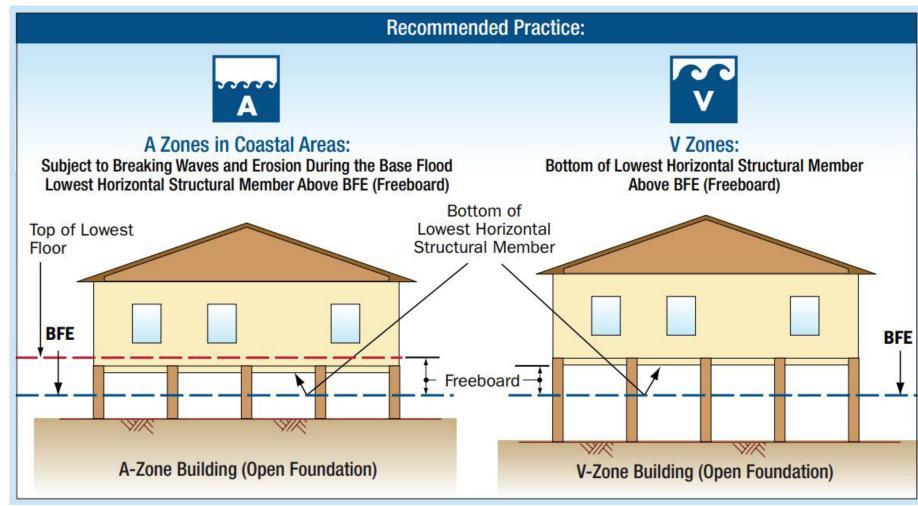
## CONSIDER BUILDING HEIGHT (BOTTOM AND TOP) (LAND DEVELOPMENT CODE, BUILDING CODE)

Existing: FEMA Flood Insurance Rate Map and the Florida Building Code

IMAGES FROM ONLINE FEMA FLOOD MAP

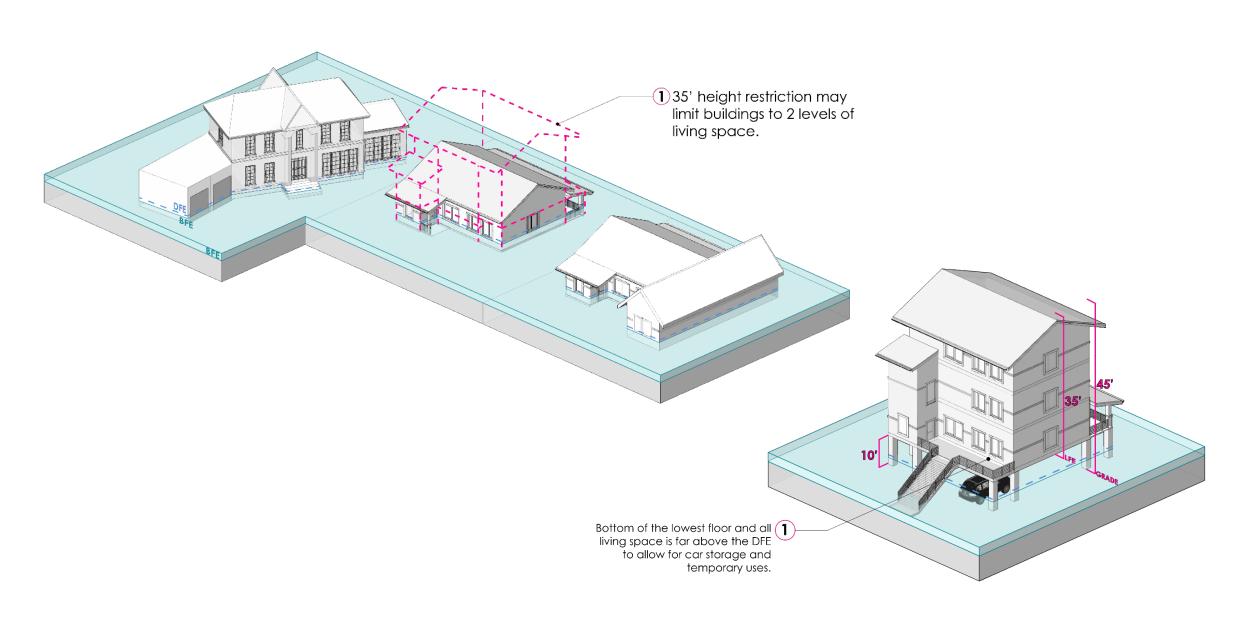


IMAGES FROM FEMA, HOMEBUILDER'S GUIDE TO COASTAL CONSTRUCTION (2010)



## CONSIDER BUILDING HEIGHT (BOTTOM AND TOP) (LAND DEVELOPMENT CODE, BUILDING CODE)

☐ Existing: Tampa building height maximums and associated codes



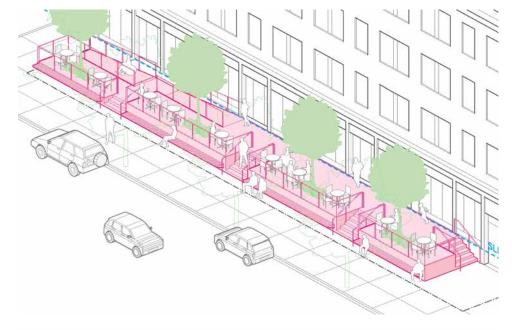
District	Maximum Height (ft.) <sup>1</sup>
RS-150	35
RS-100	35
RS-75	35
RS-60	35
RS-50	35
RM-12	35
RM-16	35
RM-18	35
RM-24	60 <sup>2</sup>
RM-35	120 <sup>3</sup>
RM-50	200 3
RM-75	n/a <sup>5</sup>
RO	35
RO-1	35

#### DESIGN GUIDELINES (LAND DEVELOPMENT CODE)

□ Integrate raised structures and maintain human scale

#### **Exterior Circulation** and **Activated Deck**

For walkways fronting restaurant or retail spaces, seating areas can activate the elevated areas, contributing to a lively streetscape.



#### **Exterior Circulation for Small-scale Residential Structures**

When carefully designed to integrate with context, porches, stair railings, and screens can contribute to the human scale for sidewalk-facing areas.

Note that spaces below the SLR-DFE are nonhabitable and uses are limited to parking, access, and storage. Residential structures cannot use dry floodproofing.



IMAGE FROM BOSTON PLANNING AND DEVELOPMENT AGENCY

HTTP://WWW.BOSTONPLANS.ORG/GETATTACHMENT/D1114318-1B95-487C-BC36-682F8594E8B2

#### EXPAND BUILDING ENVELOPE FOR SMALL LOTS (LAND DEVELOPMENT CODE)

- Encourage buildings to expand horizontally, to not be tall and narrow
- ☐ Allow them to encroach into side lot buffer space



2013 Flood Text Underlying envelope



Zoning for Coastal Flood Resiliency Cottage envelope

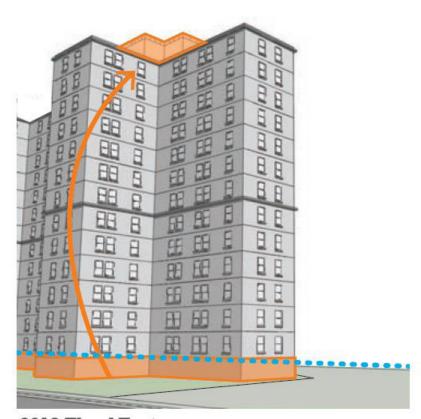
#### **IMAGE FROM NYC PLANNING**

ZONING FOR COASTAL FLOOD RESILIENCY
HTTPS://WWW1.NYC.GOV/ASSETS/PLANNING/DOWNLOAD/PDF/PLANS-STUD-IES/FLOOD-RESILIENCY-UPDATE/ZONING-FOR-FLOOD-RESILIENCY.PDF

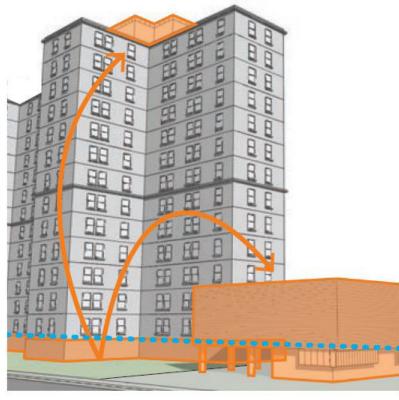
#### PROVIDE FLEXIBILITY FOR LOCATION OF UTILITY SPACE

(LAND DEVELOPMENT CODE)

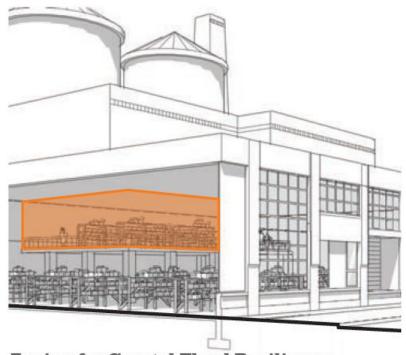
 Do not count against for mechanical equipment or utilities that are raised or internalized



2013 Flood Text
Additional flexibility with permitted obstructions facilitate mechanical equipment to be relocated to the roof of buildings



Zoning for Coastal Flood Resiliency
Additional flexibility to facilitate mechanical,
electrical and plumbing equipment to be
placed on the roof or in a separate structure



Zoning for Coastal Flood Resiliency
Floor area can be exempted to facilitate the
placement of important equipment/spaces
above the BFE within small mezzanines

#### **IMAGE FROM NYC PLANNING**

ZONING FOR COASTAL FLOOD RESILIENCY
HTTPS://WWW1.NYC.GOV/ASSETS/PLANNING/DOWNLOAD/PDF/PLANS-STUD-IES/FLOOD-RESILIENCY-UPDATE/ZONING-FOR-FLOOD-RESILIENCY.PDF

## EXPAND APPLICABILITY OF OPTIONAL RULES, SO THAT PROPERTY OWNERS CAN BUILD TOWARD FUTURE CONDITIONS (LAND DEVELOPMENT CODE)

☐ Extend building flexibility from the most immediately vulnerable zones



from Zoning for Coastal Flood Resiliency (NYC)

https://www1.nyc. gov/assets/planning/ download/pdf/plansstudies/flood-resiliencyupdate/proposal-slides. pdf

#### ESTABLISH (EROSION BASED) SETBACKS (LAND DEVELOPMENT CODE)

- □ Accommodate for future conditions
- □ Use historic erosion rates



#### Tampa Section 27-156

(General provisions are included in table 4-2.)
Setbacks for rear of lot varies between 0 to 20 feet, dependent on use and/or location. 20 feet is the maximum.

#### Section 27-286 Setbacks from wetlands is 15'

**IMAGE FROM BING AERIALS** 

#### ESTABLISH (EROSION BASED) SETBACKS (LAND DEVELOPMENT CODE)

□ In North Carolina

(the annual coastal erosion rate) x (a planning period representing the economic lifetime of the coastal structure) + (an additional buffer)

#### ESTABLISH SEA WALL STANDARDS (LAND DEVELOPMENT CODE, BUILDING CODE)

- ☐ Create build-to standards
- ☐ In Broward County structures must be at least 5 feet above NAVD88 (local mean sea level). The height applies to all new or substantially repaired or rehabilitated seawalls, banks and berms.
- ☐ Sea walls must be in good repair or face fines



IMAGE BY BRIAN COOK

## WORK TOWARD THE REMOVAL OF SEA WALLS (LAND DEVELOPMENT CODE, BUILDING CODE, COMPREHENSIVE PLAN)

☐ Aids in habitat migration and ecosystem functionality





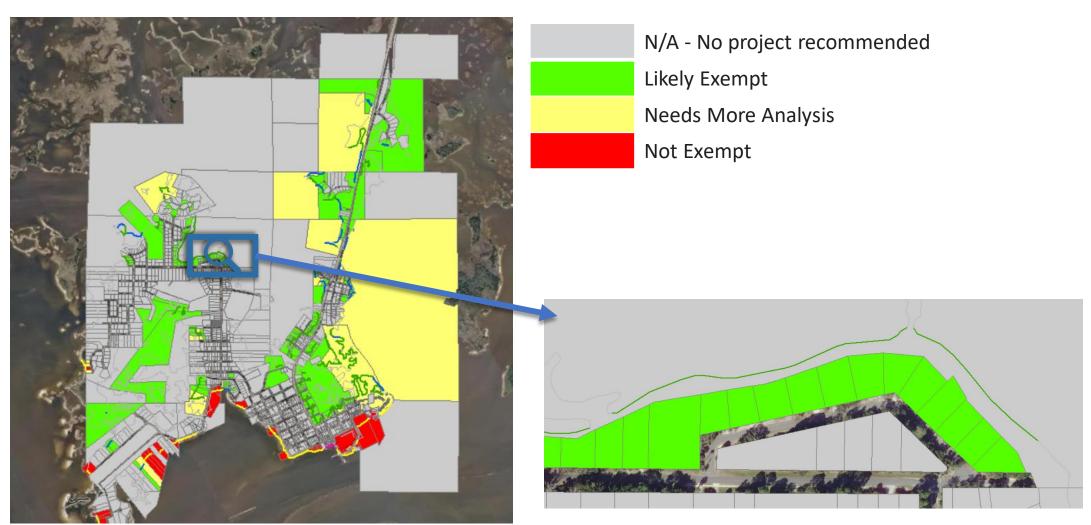
**IMAGES BY BRIAN COOK** 

#### **INCREASING LIVING SHORELINES**

(LAND DEVELOPMENT CODE, COMPREHENSIVE PLAN)

□ Cedar Key

#### Living Shoreline Suitability Model Results – Permitting Layer



HTTPS://FLORIDADEP.GOV/SITES/DEFAULT/FILES/SAVANNA-BARRY-CEDAR-KEY-SHORELINE-MANAGEMENT-MASTER-PLAN.PDF

#### WORK TOWARD THE REMOVAL OF SEA WALLS

(COMPREHENSIVE PLAN)

□ Tampa: Coastal Management Element Policy 1.5.4

"The use of seawalls and rip rap to stabilize beach shoreline is prohibited unless it can be demonstrated that without it, beach erosion would pose serious threats to human life and property. Tampa City Council will make that determination based upon the analysis of an engineer."

#### INCREASING LIVING SHORELINES

(LAND DEVELOPMENT CODE, BUILDING CODE, COMPREHENSIVE PLAN)

- Increases ecosystem functionality and accretion
- Dissipates wave action

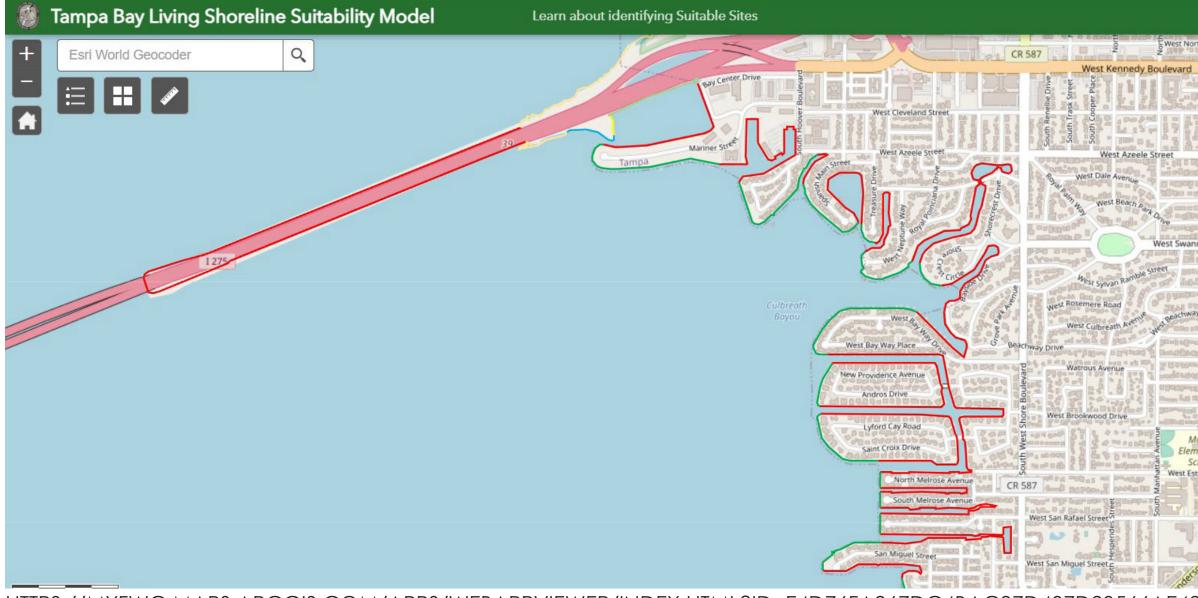


IMAGE FROM HILLSBOROUGH COUNTY
HTTP://WWW.PLANHILLSBOROUGH.ORG/LIVING-SHORELINES-ENHANCED-SEAWALLS-IMPROVE-THE-HILLSBOROUGH-RIVER/

#### **INCREASING LIVING SHORELINES**

(LAND DEVELOPMENT CODE, BUILDING CODE, COMPREHENSIVE PLAN)

☐ The Tampa Bay Living Shoreline Suitability Model



HTTPS://MYFWC.MAPS.ARCGIS.COM/APPS/WEBAPPVIEWER/INDEX.HTML?ID=E4D76FA267DC4BAC97D407D20566AE42

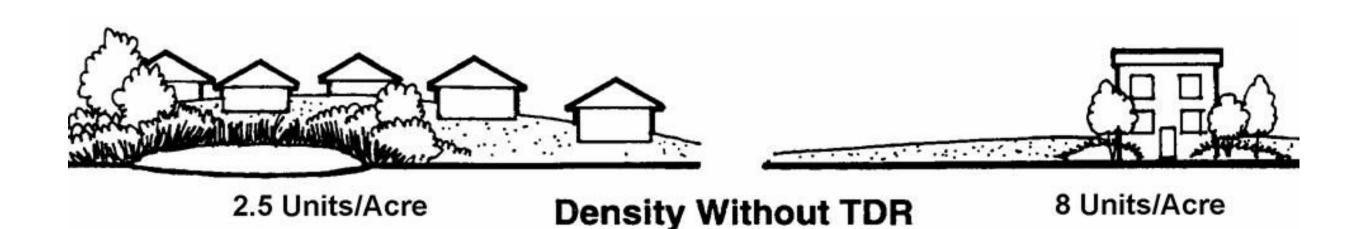
#### **OPTIONS FOR MANAGED RELOCATION**

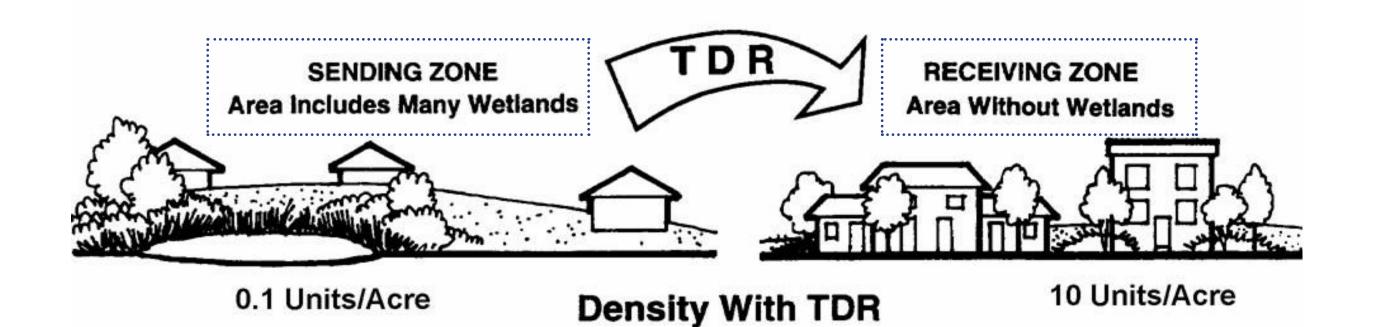
(LAND DEVELOPMENT CODE, COMPREHENSIVE PLAN)

- ☐ Planning and engagement is important
- □ Working within property rights

#### TRANSFER OF DEVELOPMENT RIGHTS (LAND DEVELOPMENT CODE, COMPREHENSIVE PLAN)

☐ Incentivize development in non-vulnerable locations





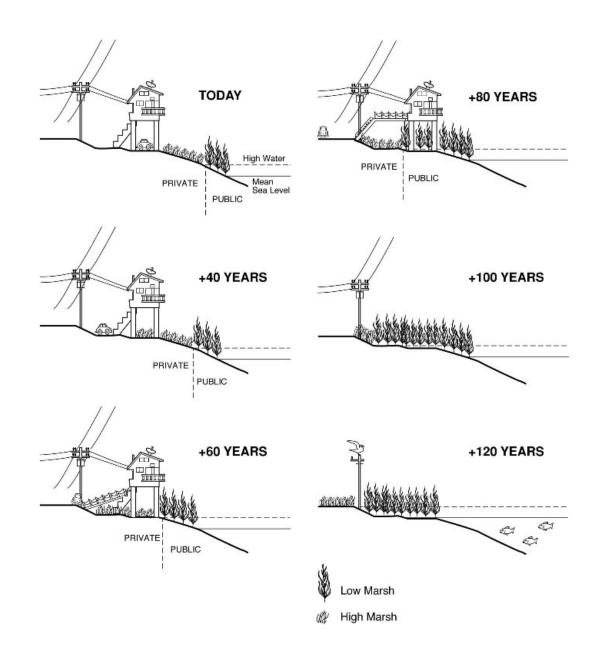
# TRANSFER OF DEVELOPMENT RIGHTS (LAND DEVELOPMENT CODE, COMPREHENSIVE PLAN) Section 27-141 in Tampa Land Development Code defines Transfer of Development Rights (TDR), but locations are not defined and none have been utilized.

☐ Hillsborough County has a TDR program and map but it has not been used. See Carter and Burgess study in 2007.

https://www.hillsboroughcounty.org/library/hillsborough/media-center/documents/emergency-management/24--pdrp-transfer-of-development-rights.pdf

ROLLING EASEMENTS (LAND DEVELOPMENT CODE, COMPREHENSIVE PLAN)
https://www.epa.gov/sites/production/files/documents/rollingeasementsprimer.pdf

- Municipality purchases future land rights
- Must allow coastline to migrate
- Preserve for conservation or for future public access



#### IMPACT FEES (LAND DEVELOPMENT CODE, COMPREHENSIVE PLAN)

☐ For coastal development projects that may create future infrastructure costs to the City, or that may continue to increase coastal vulnerabilities (with sea walls, wetland reduction...)

#### TAX INCENTIVES (LAND DEVELOPMENT CODE, COMP PLANNING)

☐ For developing out of the floodway, or in non-vulnerable locations

#### REAL ESTATE DISCLOSURES (LAND DEVELOPMENT CODE, COMPREHENSIVE PLAN)

- □ For properties that have been impacted by flooding (State of Texas)
- ☐ If a property falls within an overly zone, whether from FEMA or otherwise (Pinellas County)

Broward County, Policy 2.21.7

HTTPS://WWW.BROWARD.ORG/CLIMATE/PAGES/USACE.ASPX

#### Owners must include:

"This real estate is located in a tidally influenced area. The owner may be required by county or municipal ordinance to meet minimum tidal flood barrier elevation standards during construction or substantial repair or substantial rehabilitation of seawalls, banks, berms, and similar infrastructure or when required to abate nuisance flooding."

#### CONFRONT GLOBAL WARMING (COMP PLANNING)

 Los Angeles (with the pLAn) has made this the central focus of their planning and economy

https://plan.lamayor.org/sites/default/files/pLAn\_2019\_final.pdf

☐ The St. Petersburg Integrated Sustainability Action Plan (ISAP) defines specific targets for emissions reduction

https://www.stpete.org/sustainability/docs/ISAP\_%20Highlights\_for%20Print\_FINAL.pdf

#### CREATING PROJECTS IN THE LOCAL MITIGATION STRATEGY (LMS)

☐ This document, created at the County level, defines vulnerabilities and includes a living project list to mitigate future hazards.

#### TOOLS AND GUIDES

- ☐ Georgetown Climate Center https://www.georgetownclimate.org/adaptation/toolkits/managed-retreat-toolkit/regulatory-tools.html AND https://www.georgetownclimate.org/files/report/Adaptation\_Tool\_Kit\_SLR.pdf
- Adaptation Clearinghouse, by Georgetown Climate Center https://www.adaptationclearinghouse.org/
- South East Florida Regional Climate Compact
   https://southeastfloridaclimatecompact.org/regional-climate-action-plan/
- ☐ Thomas Ankersen, University of Florida https://www.law.ufl.edu/\_pdf/academics/centers-clinics/clinics/conservation/sea\_level\_rise.pdf

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